# **FACTSHEET** CIVIL SOCIETY CONSULTATION (CIVICUS MONITOR) IN KARNALI AND SUDURPASCHIM PROVINCE

# WORKING DEFINITION OF CIVIC SPACE, ACCORDING TO CIVICUS MONITOR:

"The space in which citizens can freely express themselves, peacefully assemble and organize themselves without fear of repercussions. It is the right of citizens to claim civic space and the duty of power-holders to provide and protect civic space".

Group discussion based on six different dimensions of civic space:

1. FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION

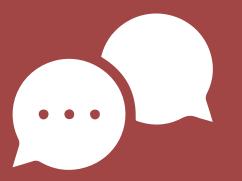


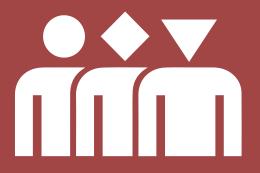


3. FREEDOM OF PEACEFUL ASSEMBLY



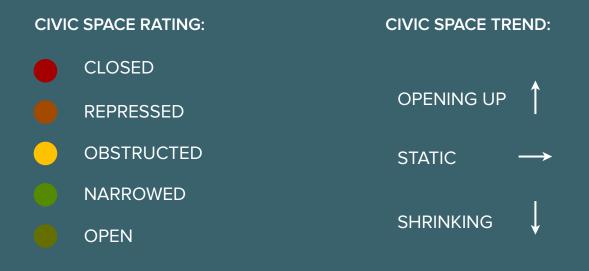
- 5. DIALOGUE AND CONSULTATION
- 6. SOLIDARITY AND DIVERSITY





2. FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION

4. PERSONAL SAFETY AND WELL-BEING



## **OVERALL RESULTS BASED ON RATINGS:**

Civic space to promote SDG 16 - rated as 'obstructed'.

CIVICUS monitor describes the obstructed rating as:

"Civic space is heavily contested by power holders, who impose a combination of legal and practical constraints on the full enjoyment of fundamental rights. Although civil society organizations exist, state authorities undermine them, including through the use of illegal surveillance, bureaucratic harassment and demeaning public statements. Citizens can organize and assemble peacefully but they are vulnerable to frequent use of excessive force by law enforcement agencies, including rubber bullets, tear gas and baton charges."

Freedom of Association – rated as 'narrowed'

Freedom of Expression – rated as 'narrowed'.

Freedom of Peaceful Assembly – rated as 'narrowed'

This corresponds to the following civic space context:

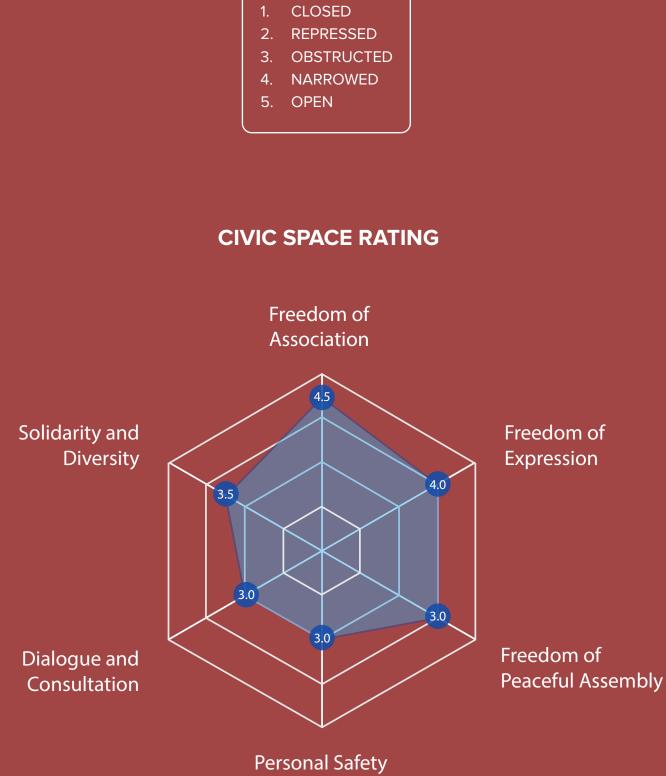
"An independent media sector is allowed to function freely and journalists are free to practice albeit in an environment where the government and powerful economic interests still dominate public narratives and access to information legislation is only sometimes respected."

# **KARNALI PROVINCE**



'OBSTRUCTED' AND 'NARROWED'

# VISUAL PRESENTATION OF THE RATING DURING THE WORKSHOP



and Well-being

# VISUAL PRESENTATION OF THE TRENDS DURING THE WORKSHOP





# FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION

Assessment of the laws, regulations and procedures that regulate the establishment and operation of associations in curtailing of the rights to civic freedom of association.

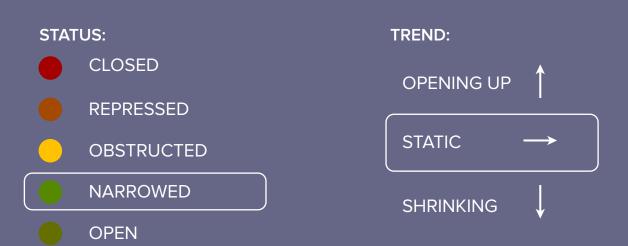




#### **FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION**

The restrictions of free expression, through direct control or indirectly through intimidation and obstruction, and from the state towards severely curtailing the online and offline freedom of expression by proposing numerous pieces of legislation before parliament.





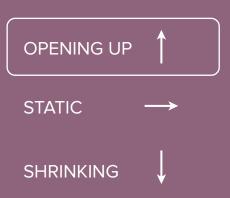
# FREEDOM OF PEACEFUL ASSEMBLY

The restrictions for individuals and groups to peacefully gather and to take nonviolent action in public spaces.





#### TREND:



#### PERSONAL SAFETY AND WELL-BEING

Assessment of the use of legal and illegal mechanisms that create stress, fear, and insecurity among civil society members, rights defenders/activists, and other marginalized identities within the society.

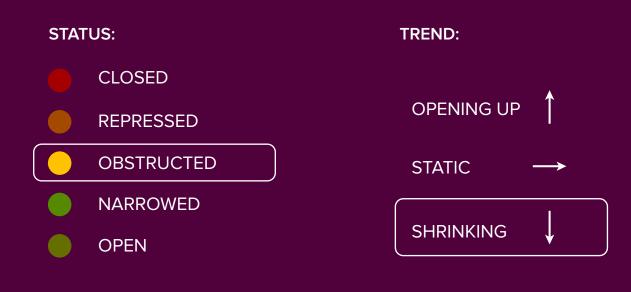




#### DIALOGUE AND CONSULTATION

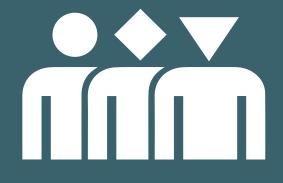
The way government engages with citizens in the development of policy and the extent to which civil society is consulted in government decision making. The voice of the narrowed civil society is often ignored by the state.





## **DIVERSITY AND SOLIDARITY**

Assessment of the extent and ways that civil society creates space for diverse voicesand expresses solidarity with each other when space is shrinking.





# **ABOUT THE PROJECT:**

The Violence Monitoring and Shrinking Civic Space (VMSCS) is a joint initiative by Collective Campaign for Peace (COCAP) and Innovation for Change (I4C) - South Asia Hub. The project is supported by the USAID and the Tides Foundation. The project aims to focus on violence and contestation, with a view toward improving our understanding of, and response to, violence and shrinking civic-space incidents in Nepal amid Covid-19. The VMSCS also provides as an instrument to measure progress against Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) Targets 5.2 (elimination of violence and related death rates) in Nepal.





